Worksheet 4b. Class Exercises for **4b. Hypothesis Testing**

- **1.** You are interested in researching the effect of a new drug on patients with insomnia. You predict that the drug will help people with insomnia sleep longer. You know from previous studies that the average number of hours insomnia patients sleep daily is 4, and the distance of a typical score in the dataset from that average is 1. After receiving the new drug, a patient sleeps 7 hours. Test your hypothesis with the steps outlined below, using a significance level of .05.
 - 1) Restate question as a research hypothesis and a null hypothesis about populations.

	Population 1:						
	(This is the population from which the research sample came.)						
	Population 2: :						
(This is the comparison population.)							
	Research Hypothesis: The n	nean of population 1 is	the mean of population 2.				
	Null Hypothesis: The mean	of population 1 is	the mean of population 2.				
2)	Determine characteristics o	f the comparison distribution.					
	The mean of the compariso	n distribution is					
	The standard deviation of t	ne comparison distribution is					
3)	Determine the cutoff sample score on the comparison distribution at which the null hypothesis should be rejected.						
	Signficance level:	Directionality:	Cutoff sample score(s):				
	Draw comparison distribution below with shading in the tall(s) beyond the cutoff sample score(s). Be sure to map raw						

4) Determine your sample's score on the comparison distribution.
Find Z. Mark an "X" on the comparison distribution you drew above where the sample score falls.

$$Z = \frac{X - M}{SD}$$

scores onto the distribution.

Worksheet 4b.

- 2. You are interested in whether aqua-fit, a form of aerobic dance-exercise performed in water, is more effective at building leg muscle mass in patients with knee injuries than traditional physical therapy methods. You know from previous studies that with traditional methods, it takes 25 days on average to recover muscle mass (with a standard deviation of 9 days). After aqua-fit, a patient takes 35 days to recover. Test your hypothesis, using a significance level of .10.
 - 1) Restate question as a research hypothesis and a null hypothesis about populations.

	Population 1:					
	(This is the population from which the research sample came.)					
	Population 2:					
	(This is the comparison population.)					
	Research Hypothesis: The mean o	f population 1 is	the mean of population 2.			
	Null Hypothesis: The mean of pop	pulation 1 is	the mean of population 2.			
2)	Determine characteristics of the c	ation 2)				
	The mean of the comparison distr	ibution is				
	The standard deviation of the con	nparison distribution is	·			
3)	Determine the cutoff sample score on the comparison distribution at which the null hypothesis should be rejected					
	Signficance level:	Directionality:	Cutoff sample score(s):			

Draw comparison distribution below with shading in the tail(s) beyond the cutoff sample score(s). Be sure to map raw scores onto the distribution.

4) Determine your sample's score on the comparison distribution.
Find Z. Mark an "X" on the comparison distribution you drew above where the sample score falls.

$$Z = \frac{X - M}{SD}$$

Worksheet 4b.

- **3.** You wish to test the effects of chocolate on mood. You are not sure if mood will become better or worse after chocolate. You know that in the general population, peope tend to score a 6 out of 10 on a measure of mood (with 10 being the best possible mood and 1 being the worst). The standard deviation in the general population is 1.5 points distance from this mean. You give chocolate to someone and administer the mood measure, with a resulting score of 4. Test your hypothesis, using a significance level of .05.
 - 1) Restate question as a research hypothesis and a null hypothesis about populations.

	Population 1:					
	(This is the population from which the research sample came.)					
	Population 2:					
	(This is the comparison population.)					
	Research Hypothesis: The mean of po	pulation 1 is	the m	nean of population 2.		
	Null Hypothesis: The mean of populat	ion 1 is	the m	nean of population 2.		
2)	Determine characteristics of the comp	parison distribution.				
	The mean of the comparison distribut	ion is				
	The standard deviation of the compar	ison distribution is	·			
3) Determine the cutoff sample score on the comparison distribution at which the n				othesis should be rejected		
	Signficance level: D	irectionality:	_ Cutoff sample score	e(s):		

Draw comparison distribution below with shading in the tail(s) beyond the cutoff sample score(s). Be sure to map raw scores onto the distribution.

4) Determine your sample's score on the comparison distribution. Find Z. Mark an "X" on the comparison distribution you drew above where the sample score falls.

$$Z = \frac{X - M}{SD}$$

Worksheet 4b.

- **4.** You suspect that people who want to lose weight would be more successful if they ate more vegetables. You know that average participant in a diet program loses 10 pounds, with a standard deviation of 3. You ask one person from the diet plan to try eating an extra 2 servings of vegetables per day. You find that they lose 18 pounds. Test your hypothesis, using a significance level of .10.
 - 1) Restate question as a research hypothesis and a null hypothesis about populations.

	Population 1:		
	(This is the population from which the research sample came.)		
	Population 2:		
	(This is the comparison population.)		
	Research Hypothesis: The mean of population 1 is	the mean of population 2.	
	Null Hypothesis: The mean of population 1 is	the mean of population 2.	
2)	Determine characteristics of the comparison distribution.		
	The mean of the comparison distribution is		
	The standard deviation of the comparison distribution is		
3)	Determine the cutoff sample score on the comparison distribution at which the null	hypothesis should be rejected.	

Signficance level: _____ Directionality: _____ Cutoff sample score(s): _____ Draw comparison distribution below with shading in the tail(s) beyond the cutoff sample score(s). Be sure to map raw scores onto the distribution.

4) Determine your sample's score on the comparison distribution.
Find Z. Mark an "X" on the comparison distribution you drew above where the sample score falls.

$$Z = \frac{X - M}{SD}$$